TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

Local employer needs and the availability of funds are key factors for determining each program's structure and operation. The NATEF Standards recognize that not all programs have the same needs, nor do all programs teach 100 % of the NATEF tasks. Therefore, the basic philosophy for the tools and equipment requirement is as follows: *for all tasks which are taught in the program, the training should be as thorough as possible with the tools and equipment necessary for those tasks*. In other words, if a program does not teach a particular task, the tool from the tool list associated with that task is not required (unless of course it is required for a task that is taught in another area).

The NATEF tool lists are organized into three basic categories: *Hand Tools, General Lab/Shop Equipment*, and *Specialty Tools and Equipment*. The specialty tools section is further separated into the four NATEF task categories. When referring to the tools and equipment list, please note the following:

- A. The organization of the tool list is not intended to dictate how a program organizes its tool crib or student tool sets (i.e., which tools should be in a student set, if utilized, and which should be in the tool crib or shop area).
- B. Quantities for each tool or piece of equipment are determined by the program needs; however, sufficient quantities to provide quality instruction should be on hand.
- C. For *Specialty Tools and Equipment*, the program need only have those tools for the areas being accredited.
- D. Programs may meet the equipment requirements by borrowing special equipment or providing for off-site instruction (e.g., in a dealership or independent repair shop). Use of borrowed or off-site equipment *must* be appropriately documented.
- E. No specific brand names for tools and equipment are specified or required.
- F. Although the NATEF Standards recommend that programs encourage their students to begin to build their own individual tools sets prior to entry into the industry, there is no requirement to do so. NOTE: Industry surveys indicate that most (90%) employers require that a candidate for employment provide his/her own basic hand tool set in order to be hired as an entry-level technician.

GENERAL LAB/SHOP EQUIPMENT

The tools and equipment on this list are used in general lab/shop work but are not generally considered to be individually owned hand tools. A well-equipped, accredited program should have all of these general tools and equipment readily available, in proper working order, and in sufficient quantity and capacity to provide quality instruction.

GENERAL SHOP EQUIPMENT

Air Blow Guns - OSHA Standard

Air System - Air Compressor

Air Hoses - with quick release couplings

Air Lines

Regulator

Water Extractors

Air Transformer/Regulators

Coolant Drain Pan

Corrosion Protection Application Equipment

Creepers

Exhaust Fans

Grounded Extension Cords

Heat Lamp

Hood Props

Infrared Contact Thermometer

Jack Stands

Nozzle

Oil Drain/Storage Pan

Overhead Ventilation - for welding area

Part Cart

Powered Vehicle Mover (recommended)

Pressure Washer (optional)

Shammies

Service Jacks

Shop Brooms

Dust Pans

Floor Squeegee

Floor Mop and Bucket

Sponges

Step Ladder

Storage Cabinets

Towels

Trash Cans in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations

Trouble/Work Lights – non-incandescent

Vacuum Cleaner

Aluminum Dust Extraction System – Wet Mix Technology (Optional)

Water Hose

Work Benches – steel top with vice Work Stands - portable Wheel Caster System (Wheel Dollies)

SPECIAL SAFETY ITEMS

(All equipment must meet or exceed federal, state, and local regulations.)

Bloodborn Pathogen Kit

*Ear Protection - for students, instructors, and visitors

Eye Wash Basin

Eye Wash Station, portable (saline)

Fire Extinguishers - by type as required

First Aid Kit (per written first aid policy)

Flammable Material Storage Locker - meeting fire and building codes

Hazardous Spill Response Kit

Lineman Gloves (for use with hybrid vehicles)

OSHA "Right to Know" Compliance Kit

Protective Gloves and Clothing - for handling paint and related chemicals

Respiratory Protection Equipment – as required by OSHA

Safety Cans - for solvents, rags, etc.

*Safety Glasses, Clear and Tinted Face Shields, and Goggles - for students, instructors, and visitors

*Safety Shoes - as required

Safety Shower - as required

Vacuum System - for air sanders - dust extraction vacuum – stand alone or central system (recommended)

* = Individual Student Items

HAND TOOLS

(Contained in individual sets or the tool crib in sufficient quantities to permit efficient instruction)

COMMON HAND TOOLS

Adjustable Wrenches - 6" and 12"

Allen Wrench Set - Standard (.050" - 3/8")

Allen Wrench Set - Metric (2mm - 7mm)

Chisel Set

Combination Wrenches:

Standard (1/4" - 1") (optional)

Metric (7mm - 19mm)

Crowfoot Wrench Set - Metric (optional)

Crowfoot Wrench Set - Standard (optional)

Drill Motors - 3/8" and 1/2" variable speed, reversible

Flare Nut (tubing) Wrenches:

Standard 3/8" - 3/4" (optional)

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Metric 10mm - 17mm
Flashlight and batteries
Hack Saw and blades
Hammers:
       16 oz. Ball Peen
       Brass
       Dead Blow Mallet
       Plastic Tip
       Sledge
       Soft Faced
       Rubber Mallet
Ignition Wrench Set – Standard (optional) and Metric
Impact Wrenches - 3/8" and 1/2"
Inspection Mirror
Pickup Tool - magnetic and claw type
Pliers:
       Combination
       Hose Clamp
       Locking Jaw
       Needle Nose
       Side Cutting
       Slip Joint (Water Pump)
       Snap Ring Plier Set - internal and external
Punch Set
Screwdriver - Blade Type:
       Stubby
       6", 9", 12"
       Offset
Screwdrivers - Phillips:
       Stubby #1, #2
       6" #1, #2
       12" #3
       Offset #2
Screwdrivers - Posidrive Set #1, #2, #3, #4
Torx® Set:
       T-8, T-10, T-15, T-20, T-25,
       T-27, T-30, T-40, T-50, T-55
Torx® External Set:
       E-4, E-5, E-6, E-8,
       E-10, E-12, E-14, E16
Torx® Tamper Proof Set:
       T8, T10, T15, T20, T27,
       T30, T40, T45, T50, T55
Screw Extractor Set
Screw Starter:
       Phillips
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Standard
Socket Set - 1/4" Drive:
       1/4" - 1/2" Standard Depth (optional)
       1/4" - 1/2" Deep
       6mm - 12mm Standard Depth (optional)
       6mm - 12mm Deep
       Flex/Universal Type - Metric (standard optional)
       Universal Joint
       3", 6" Extensions
       Ratchet
Socket Set - 3/8" Drive:
       5/16" - 3/4" Standard Depth (6 point) (optional)
       3/8" - 3/4" Deep (6 point) (optional)
       9mm - 19mm Standard Depth (optional)
       9mm - 19mm Deep
       3", 6", 12", 18" Extensions
       Flexhead Ratchet
       Impact Sockets - 3/8" - 3/4" Standard (optional)
       Impact Sockets - 10mm - 19mm
       Impact Driver
       Ratchet
       Universal Joint
Socket Set - 1/2" Drive:
       7/16" - 1 1/8" Standard Depth (optional)
       7/16" - 1 1/8" Deep (optional)
       10mm - 25mm Standard Depth (optional)
       10mm - 25mm Deep
       5", 10" Extensions
       Flex Handle (Breaker Bar)
       Impact Sockets Standard 7/16" - 1 1/8" (optional)
       Impact Sockets 12mm - 32mm
       Impact Driver
       Ratchet
Torque Wrenches (Sound/Click)Type:
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3/8" Drive in. lb. (30 - 250) 3/8" Drive ft. lb. (5 - 75) 1/2" Drive ft. lb. (50 - 250)

MISCELLANEOUS TOOLS

Caulking Gun

C-clamps - assorted

Drill with applicable bits for spot weld removal (carbide)

Files - for steel and aluminum

Gear Puller Set - heavy duty with attachments

Heat Gun

Hole Saw Set - 1/2" to 2"

Lug Wrench

Oil Can (Pump Type)

Panel Splitter (hand held blades/accessories)

Pry Bar Set

Putty Knife

Rivet Guns - heavy duty blind and large for 3/16" and 1/4"

Sanding Tools - assorted

Scrapers

Scratch Awl

Tap and Die Sets - Metric (standard optional)

Tape Measure – Standard and Metric

Tin Snips

Tire Pressure Gauge

Tire Inflator

Twist Drill Sets:

Standard - 1/64" - 1/4" by 1/16" and Metric Equivalent

Standard - 1/4" - 1/2" by 1/16" and Metric Equivalent

Wire Brushes - hand and powered

Special Removing and Releasing Tools:

Door handle removing tool

Door hinge spring and pin remover

Miscellaneous interior and exterior trim removing tools

Moulding removal tools

Spring lock line removal tool set (A/C, fuel line, etc.)

Stationary glass removal tools

Windshield wiper removing tool

BODY WORKING TOOLS

Assorted files - for metal and plastic finishing, including:

Body Files

Hand Sanding Pads

Metal Files

Mixing Board

Sanding Blocks (short and long)

Sanding Boards (short and long)

Body Hammers:

Cross Chisel

Door Skin Hammer

General Purpose Pick

Large Face Finishing

Long Pick

Short Utility Pick

Shrinking

Dollies:

Bumping File

Dinging Spoon

Door skin Dolly

Fender Dolly

Inside Heavy Duty Spoon

Inside High Crown

Inside Medium Crown

Spoon Dolly ("Dolly on a stick")

Toe Dolly

Universal Dolly

Filler Spreaders and Applicators - assorted types and sizes

Picks - assorted

ALUMINUM REPAIR TOOLS (RECOMMENDED)

Abrasives

Belt Piercing Rivet Guns

Dedicated (Clean) Repair Station

Dent Pulling Equipment

Dollies

GMAW Welder Synergic Pulse

<u>Hammers</u>

Wet Mix Technology Dust Extraction System

SPECIALTY TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

This section covers the tools and equipment a lab/shop should have for training in any given specialty area. This equipment is specialized and it must be available in the lab/shop or to the program. No specific type or brand names are identified because they will vary in each local situation.

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR

Everything listed under Non-Structural Analysis and Damage Repair (Body Components) plus:

Frame/Unibody Straightening Equipment -

Bench/rack or floor-mounted system with multiple pull capacity

Body over frame and unibody anchoring systems

Three-dimensional Measuring System with the capability to measure the total vehicle.

Tram Gauges

NON-STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR (BODY COMPONENTS)

Abrasive Cut-off Tool and Discs

Anchoring System (recommended)

Heat Shrinking Tool

Car Lift (capable of totally lifting the vehicle) (recommended)

GMAWMIG Welders and accessories (flow meter, cart, gas cylinder, nozzle cleaner)

Plasma Cutting Torch (recommended)

Portable Hydraulic Ram - with attachments

Plastic and Adhesives Tools-

Plastic Welder

Die Grinding Tool Set

Disc Grinder - 3"

Structural Adhesives Guns (dispenser) - two-component

Portable Power Tools -

Abrasive Blaster and appropriate personal safety equipment (recommended)

Eraser Wheel

Grinders

Heat Monitoring Crayons

Hole Punch

Metal Shears (optional)

Mini Belt Sander for removal of plug welds

Nibbler (optional)

Power Reciprocating Saw and Blades

Sanders

Spot Weld Removal Tool

Pulling and Holding Equipment Set - to include:

Body Clamps (recommended)

Cable or Chain Ratchet (recommended)

Carbide Bits

Panel Splitter

Safety Chains/Cables

Sill Clamps (recommended)

Slide Hammer - complete with attachments

Stationary Power Tools -

Bench Grinder

Drill Press (recommended)

Welding Safety Equipment - to include:

Aprons

Face Shields

Gloves

Goggles

Helmets

Jackets

Respirators

Safety Glasses

Skull Cap

Welding Blanket

Welding Plyers

And all appropriate safety equipment

Squeeze-type Resistant Spot Welder (STRSW) (recommended)

Weld-on Pulling Tool and Attachments

MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

A/C Recycle/Recovery Machine

Battery Charger - with boost capability

Battery Post Cleaner

Battery Terminal Pliers

Battery Terminal Puller

Brake Bleeder - vacuum assisted

Brake Spoon

Chassis Lubricator

Connector Pick Tool Set

Coolant Tester

Cooling System Pressure Tester

DMM (Digital Multimeter)

Feeler Gauge (Blade Type):

.002" - .040"

.006mm - .070mm

Flexible Dial Indicator Gauge

Jumper Wire Set (with various adapters)

Laptop with applicable Diagnostic Software and Tools

Oil Filter Wrenches

Plugs and Caps for hydraulic, fluid, and A/C lines

Portable Battery Jump Box

Pressure Bleeder/Scan Box for bleeding antilock braking system

Scan Tool with OBDII capabilities

Soldering Gun/Iron

Vac and Fill equipment to extract fluids (oil, transmission, etc.)

Wheel Alignment System (4-wheel) (optional)

Wire and Terminal Repair Kit

PAINTING AND REFINISHING

Air Amplifier/Venturi style blower used to dry waterborne paint (optional)

Air Cap Test Gauge (optional)

Power Sanders

Color-matching Light System

Electronic Dry Film Thickness Gauge with a + or - of 1/10th of a mil thickness capabilities

Enclosed Paint Spray Booth to comply with local, state and federal regulation (downdraft booth recommended)

Gun Washer for Waterbase (Optional)

Hand Sanding Pads

Masking Equipment -

Car Covers

Paper and Tape Dispenser

Wheel Covers

Paint Mixing Bank with Measuring Equipment

Paint Mixing Room (separate explosion-proof room per NFPA regulations)

Paint Shaker

Paint Storage Room/Locker in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations

Personal Safety Equipment (painting gloves, suits, hoods, respirators, etc.)

Portable Paint Curing Equipment (infrared)

Positive Pressure Air Respirator

Prep Station - (recommended) in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations

Sanding Blocks (short and long)

Spray Guns -

HVLP (high volume low pressure) or compliant

Spray gun cleaning equipment in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations

UV Curing Light (optional)

Variable Speed Buffer/Polisher

Viscosity Cups

Waste disposal/recycle program in accordance with local, state, and federal regulation

Waterborne Spray Gun Equipment (Optional)

DEFINITIONS – TECHNICAL TERMS

ABRADE – (see SAND).

ACTIVE SUSPENSION SYSTEM – A continuously controlled self-adjusting suspension system.

ADJUST – To bring components or equipment to specified operational settings.

AIR PURIFYING RESPIRATOR – Uses a filter, cartridge, or canister to remove specific air contaminates by passing ambient air through the purifying element.

ALIGN (REALIGN) – To adjust components to a line or predetermined relative position.

ANALYZE – To examine the relationship of components of an operation.

ANCHOR – To hold in place.

APPLY – To put on, attach, or affix chemicals, components or parts by spraying, brushing, spreading or using hardware.

BLEED – To remove air from a closed system.

BUFF – To remove fine scratches, usually from a painted surface, using a fine abrasive such as compounds and polishes.

CHECK – (SEE VERIFY).

CLEAN – To rid component of extraneous matter for the purpose of reconditioning, repairing, measuring, or reassembling.

COLD SHRINK – To restore contour, shape, and dimensions to stretched sheet metal areas utilizing appropriate hammer and dolly techniques.

CONDITION – To prepare for future action.

DENIB – To remove dust/dirt particles in a painted surface.

DETERMINE – To establish the type and extent of damage to a component or the procedure to be used to affect the necessary repair.

DEVELOP (PLAN) – To identify, arrange or organize the steps or procedural components into a logical sequence of actions.

DIAGNOSE – To locate the root cause or nature of a problem by using a specified procedure.

EVACUATE – To remove air, fluid or vapor from a closed system by use of a vacuum pump.

FEATHEREDGE – To taper and smooth the edges of a damaged area using abrasives.

FILL (REFILL) – To bring fluid level to specified point or volume.

FLUSH – To use a fluid to clean an internal system.

GRIND – To remove material using a motor-driven abrasive wheel <u>belt</u>, disk or pad.

HEAT SHRINK – To restore contour, shape and dimensions to stretched sheet metal areas by applying heat and utilizing appropriate hammer and dolly techniques.

IDENTIFY – To establish the identity of a vehicle or component prior to service; to determine the nature or degree of a problem.

INSPECT (CHECK) –To verify condition by performing an operational or comparative examination.

INSTALL (REINSTALL) – To secure or attach a component in its proper position in a system.

LEAK TEST – To check for and/or locate leaks in a component or system.

LOCATE – To find by using tools, measuring instruments, equipment or the senses.

MASK – To protect a component or area from incidental damage from the application of refinishing materials.

MEASURE – To compare existing dimensions to specified dimensions by the use of calibrated instruments and gauges.

MIX – To combine or blend into one mass or mixture.

PERFORM – To accomplish a procedure in accordance with established methods and standards.

PLAN – (see DEVELOP)

PROTECT – To take actions to prevent damage to areas of the vehicles adjacent to the repair area.

REALIGN – (see ALIGN)

REDUCE – To lower the viscosity of a refinishing material.

REFILL – (see FILL)

REFINISH – To apply cleaners, paint, and other finishing materials to the repair areas.

REINSTALL – (see INSTALL)

REMOVE – To disconnect and separate a component from a system.

REPAIR (RESTORE) – To return damaged areas to acceptable size, dimensions, shape, performance characteristics and condition.

REPLACE – To exchange a damaged component with a new or used component.

RESTORE – (SEE REPAIR)

ROUGH SAND – To remove body filler, primer/substrate, or finish materials using coarse abrasives.

SAND (ABRADE) – To abrade or level the surface.

SCUFF – To abrade or degloss a surface for the purpose of adhesion.

SELECT – To choose the correct part, tool, equipment or setting during an assembly, adjustment or procedure.

SETUP – To select and assemble components, assemblies or parts in order or combination to produce desired results.

STORE – To organize and put away parts, hardware, and components for future retrieval and use.

STRAIGHTEN – To remove bends, creases, and other damage while returning a component to acceptable size, shape, and condition.

STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS – Any part of a vehicle's structure that bears loads, provides strength, and when removed or altered would compromise the integrity of the vehicle.

SUBSTRATE – A painted, primed or bare surface.

TINT – To adjust the color or hiding ability of refinishing materials.

VERIFY (CHECK) – To confirm a condition, adjustment or setting.

WASH – To clean by spraying, dipping, rinsing, rubbing or scrubbing.

WELD – To join metal or plastic pieces together by using a thermal process, often adding filler material to the joint.